



Late 19C story tour with eco-friendly electronic car





What is Open Port Street?

This is the place where the history and culture of the port opened in 1883 and the traces of 126 years of the opening of the port are accumulated. This is a place where you can see modern architecture such as the Jung-gu Office, the former Japanese Consulate General, the Incheon Branch of the First Bank of Japan, the Incheon Branch of the 18th Bank of Japan, and the Incheon Branch of the 58th Bank of Japan. In addition, it is a place where you can see and hear traces of history, such as Japan First Corporation, Incheon's Art Platform, and Jemulpo Club. Here, Incheon Culture and Tourism Commentators are arranged to provide explanations after receiving reservations. Visitors can enjoy walking tours while listening to the deeper commentary, which is gaining huge popularity among family and travel organizations.

Resource from: Naver



<electronic car price>

3-seater: 39,000won

5-seater : 59,000won

<Opening time >

10:00 ~ 17:00
(every 1 hour)



<electronic car Tour Course Information>

[A course] weekday and weekend (50minutes)

Incheon Art Platform - chinan japan concession stair - Haean cathedral - jjajangmyeon museum - Fairytale village - Euseondang - chohanji mural street - Samgukji Mural Stree - Jemulpo Club - Incheon Art Platform

[B course] weekday and weekend (50minutes)

Incheon Station -Chinese district office - jjajangmyeon museum- museum street -Jemulpo Club- Jayu park or Fairytale village market

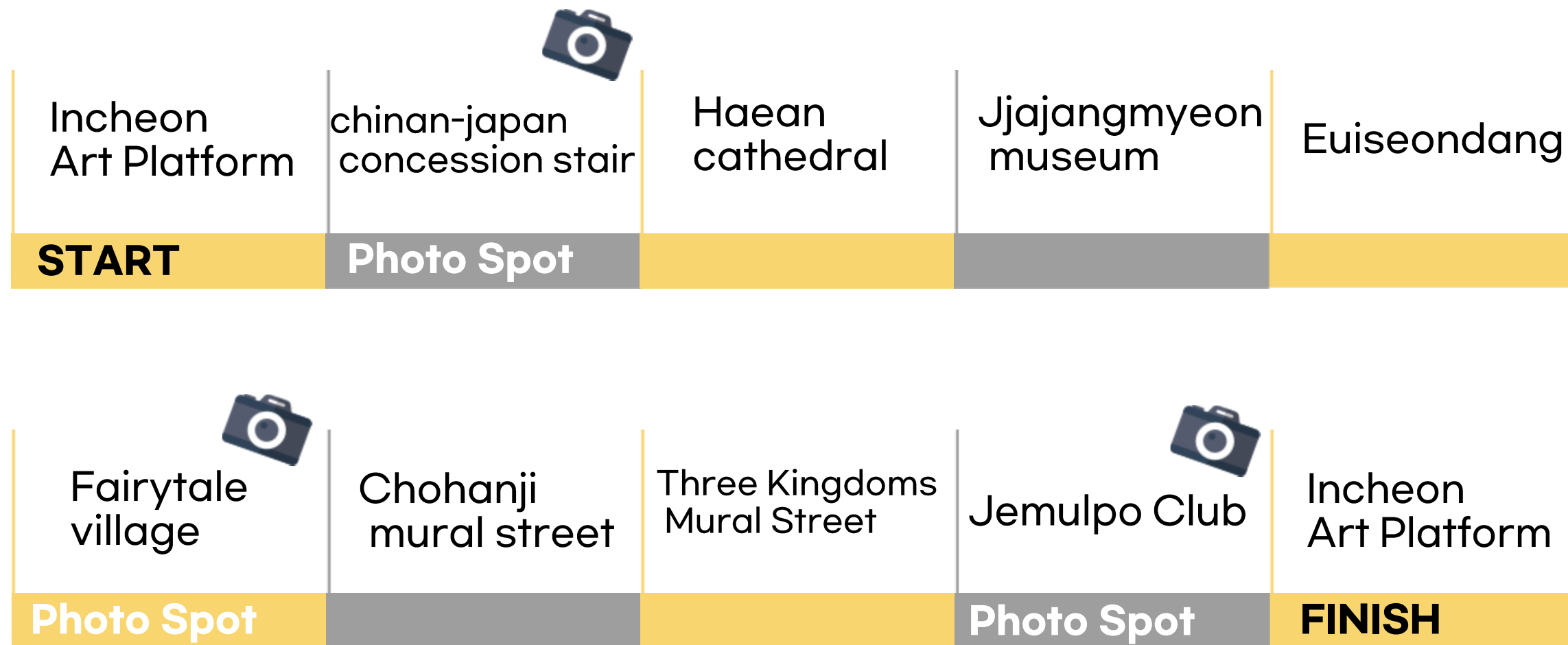
[C course] weekday and weekend (50minutes)

free course for people who don't want to take a fixed tour course.
You can choose 4 tourist attraction from 1 to 17

- | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Modern Architecture Museum | 8. Jayu Park | 13. Chohanzhi Mural Street |
| 2. DaeBul Hotel Museum | 9. Jemulpo Club | 14. 3 Korean-Chinese Cultural Center |
| 3. Fairytale villiage | 10. Jjajangmyeon Museum | 15. Shelter a systemically |
| 4. Three Kingdoms Mural Street | 11. Chinatown Street | 16. Haean Catholic church |
| 5. Life History Museum | 12. Boundary Stairways for Extraterritorial Districts Governed by Qing and Japan | 17. Hongyemun |
| 6. Incheon Open Port Museum | | |
| 7. History Archive of Incheon Metropolitan City | | |

A Course

weekday and weekend (50minutes)



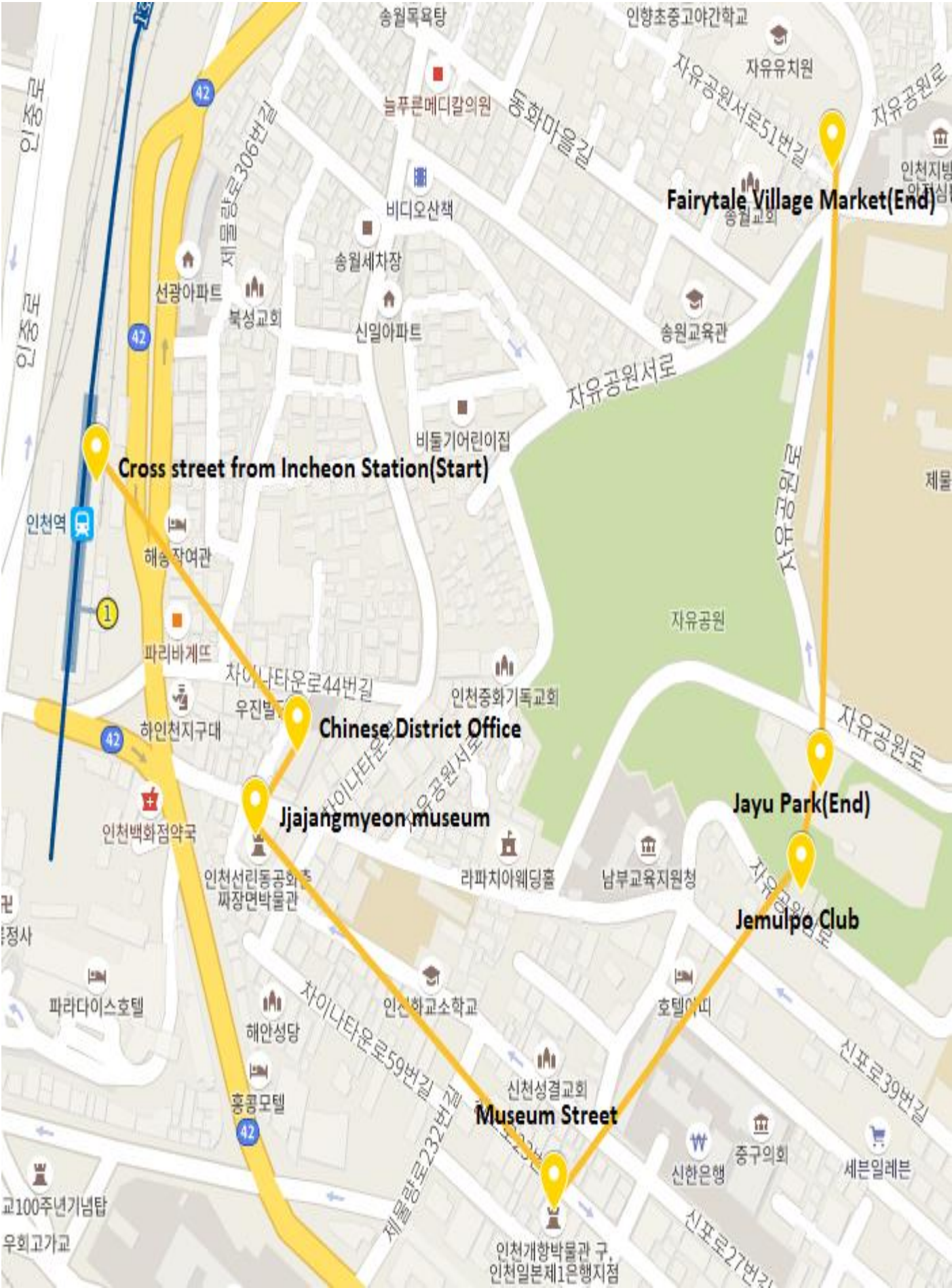
YOUR NAME HERE

B Course

weekday and weekend (50minutes)

Cross street from Incheon Station	Chinese district office	Jjajangmyeon museum	museum street
START			Photo Spot

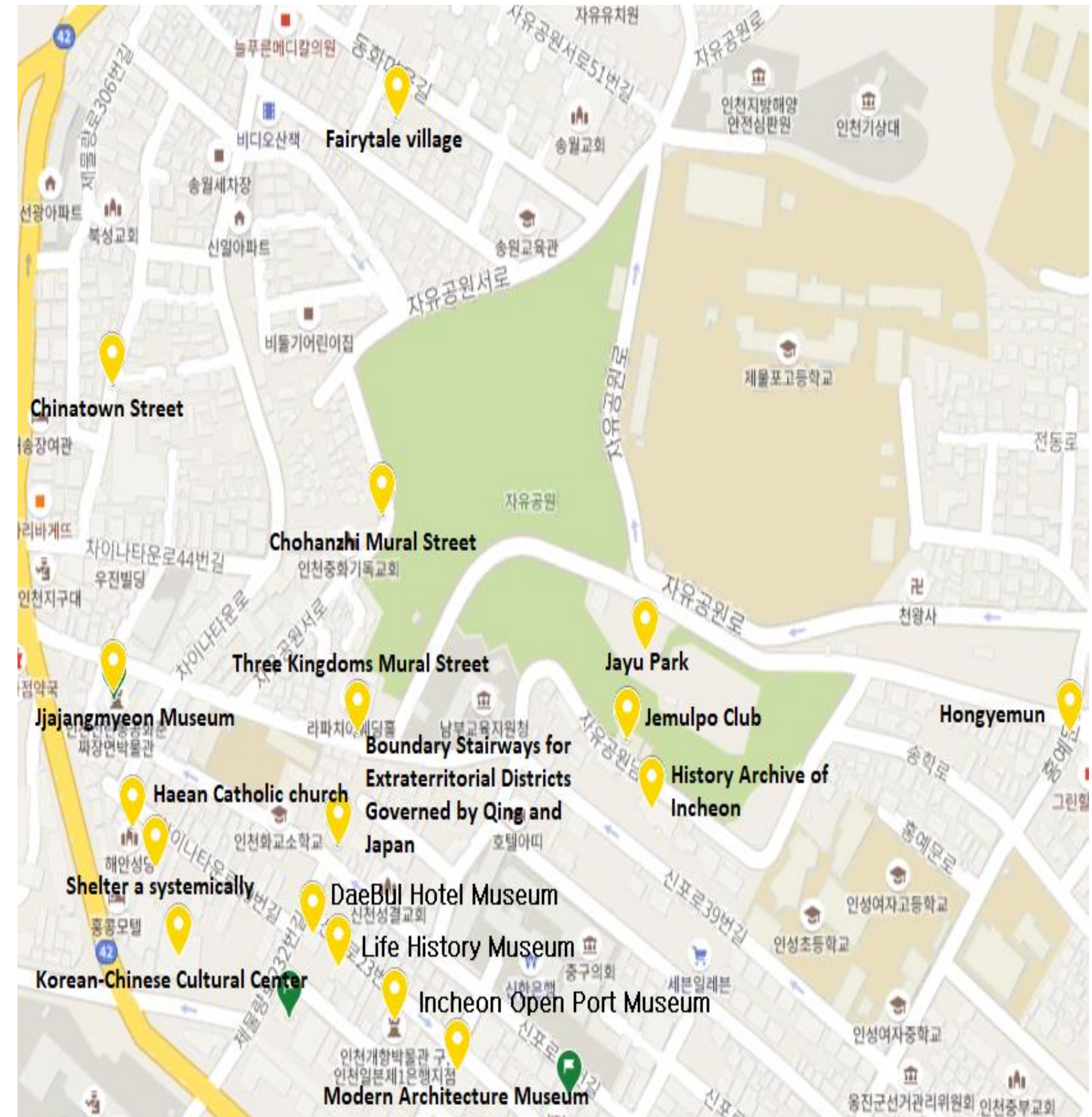
Jemulpo Club	Jayu Park	Fairytale village market
Photo Spot	Photo Spot	Photo Spot



C course

Free course for people who don't want to take a fixed tour course.
You can choose 4 tourist attraction from 1 to 17.

1. Modern Architecture Museum
2. DaeBul Hotel Museum
3. Fairytale village
4. Three Kingdoms Mural Street
5. Life History Museum
6. Incheon Open Port Museum
7. History Archive of Incheon Metropolitan City
8. Jayu Park
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Free course tour explanation

1. Modern Architecture Museum



Japanese Bank No. 18 had its main branch in Nagasaki, Japan and opened its Incheon Branch in 1890, after producing significant profits through intermediary trade of British cotton. This building was later used as the Incheon Branch of the Chosen Industrial Bank and a branch office of the Korea Heungeop Bank and has now been transformed into the Modern Architecture Museum to introduce valuable information about buildings constructed in the early modern period. The structure of this building displays an exotic appearance with its wooden truss and a hipped roof of Japanese-style roof tiles.

2. Daebul Hotel Exhibition Hall



Daebul Hotel was the first Western-style hotel to sell coffee in Korea. Currently, the Daebul Hotel exhibition hall is operated on the site of the former Daebul Hotel.

3. Fairytale Village



When Incheon Port was opened in 1883, many foreigners lived in Songwol-dong to form rich villages, but only young people had left and aged for decades. The town was reborn as Donghwa Village in 2014 through urban regeneration projects. The entire village is splendidly decorated under the theme of "Fairy Tale," and the main characters of various cartoons can be seen through murals and sculptures.

Free course tour explanation

4. Three Kingdoms Mural Street



This 150m long wall of paintings describe famous scenes from Romance of the Three Kingdoms, a Chinese historical text, with its main characters including Liu Bei, Guan Yu, Zhang Fei, and Zhuge Liang. Through this painting and old sayings, you can learn about the history of the late Eastern Han Dynasty.

5. Life History Museum



There is an exhibition hall of life history right next to the Daebul Hotel exhibition hall. In the Life History Exhibition Hall, you can see the life history of Jung-gu, Incheon in the 1960s and 1970s. There are various photo zones, which are perfect for taking pictures.

6. Incheon Open Port Museum



This building was originally constructed in 1883 as the Incheon office of the Busan Branch of Japanese Jeil Bank, which was the first modern financial institution established in Korea. It was promoted as the Incheon Branch in 1888. During its initial period, this branch managed maritime customs tax and purchase of gold bars and alluvial gold produced in Korea, and its business scope gradually expanded to include general duties of a bank such as savings and loans. This Western-style building displays a symmetrical architectural style of eclecticism and an impressive scale.

Free course tour explanation

7. History Archive of Incheon Metropolitan City



The Incheon Metropolitan City History Museum is located near the Jemulpo Club. It was purchased by the Incheon Metropolitan Government in 1966 and built a hanok building to use it as the official residence of the Incheon mayor. Since 2001, it has been used as a historical data center in Incheon Metropolitan City since 2001.

8. Jayu Park



Jayu Park is Korea's first Western-style modern park established in 1888, nine years earlier than Tapgol Park in Seoul, which was built in 1897. This park was designed by the Russian architect Sabatin, and was called Gakguk Gongwon, literally meaning "every nation's park," as it was located in the joint concession area. It was also called West Park in the Japanese colonial period and Manguk Park after the liberation. In 1957, as the statue of General MacArthur was erected in the park, it obtained a new name, Jayu Park, meaning "Freedom Park."

9. Jemulpo Club



In 1901, a Russian architect Sabatin built this two-story brick building near today's Jayu Park as a place for promoting social relationships amongst foreign people in Incheon during the port opening period. After 1914, the Japanese Veterans Association used this building and called it Jeongbakgak, and the building was later used by the Officers' Club of the US Army, the Incheon Metropolitan City Museum, and the Cultural Center. In 2007, the building was restored and reborn as a cultural space to display the original appearance of the Jemulpo Club.

Free course tour explanation

10. Jjajangmyeon Museum



This museum was built by renovating the former building of Gonghwachun Restaurant, which was the birthplace of jjajangmyeon (noodles in black bean sauce) in Korea. The exhibition halls on the two-story building display a variety of items related to the history and culture of jjajangmyeon.

11. Chinatown Street



From Incheon Station, walk through the archway gate and climb up the hilly area, then you will arrive at the central part of Chinatown. The street is crowded with Chinese-style buildings built in the early modern period, merchants wearing qipao (Chinese dress for women), and red signs and lanterns, and you can enjoy various Chinese foods, such as noodles in black bean sauce, crunchy balloon bread, mooncakes, and Chinese traditional teas.

12. Boundary Stairways for Extraterritorial Districts Governed by Qing and Japan



These stone stairways were built as a border between the Japanese concession area (established in 1883) on the right and the Qing concession area (established in 1884) on the left. Both sides of the stairways are decorated with landscape gardening, and the buildings on each side display different architectural styles of each country. At the top of the stairways is a statue of Confucius, which was donated by the City of Qingdao, China. This place displays an exotic scene from the modern history of Incheon.

Free course tour explanation

13. Chohanzhi Mural Street



On this street, you can experience time travel to the period between the fall of the Qin Dynasty and the founding of the Han Dynasty. This 110m-long wall of paintings describe important events and figures from Cho Han zhi, the Legend of Chu and Han

14. Korean-Chinese Cultural Center and Overseas Chinese History Hall



The Korean-Chinese Cultural Center and the Overseas Chinese History Hall are located in Incheon Chinatown as the evidence of a harmonious history between Korea and China in Incheon. The Korean-Chinese Cultural Center offers diverse performances showing Korea-China cultural exchanges, exhibitions for Chinese civilization, and Chinese culture experience programs. The Overseas Chinese History Hall is Korea's first exhibition hall for overseas Chinese and displays various items to introduce the history and culture of Chinese people who settled in Incheon Chinatown from 1894.

15. Shelter a systemically



It was created with the motif of the four largest gardens in China, the Jooljeongwon and Yewon. In addition to the Chinese style of garden facilities, traditional Chinese trees provide a feeling of China's atmosphere. It is provided as a tourist attraction and a resting place.

16. Haean Catholic church



In the late 1950s, the main hall was established while missionary work was conducted for Chinese people living in Seonrin-dong, Incheon. In the early days of its establishment, it was a Chinese cathedral, but on October 1, 1972, it was renamed the Coastal Cathedral and is now a Korean cathedral. The Shore Cathedral has jurisdiction over the Jemuljindu Martyrs' Shrine, which honors 10 percent of the martyrs.

17. Hongyemun



This stone arch gate was built on Eungbongsan Mountain to connect Incheon Port and Jeondong. The Japanese engineering battalion carried out the construction work from 1905 to its completion in 1908. With this gate, Japan expanded its concession area, which was overpopulated during that period, to the Manseok-dong area. On the top of this gate is a walking path running between Naeri Methodist Church and Jayu Park.

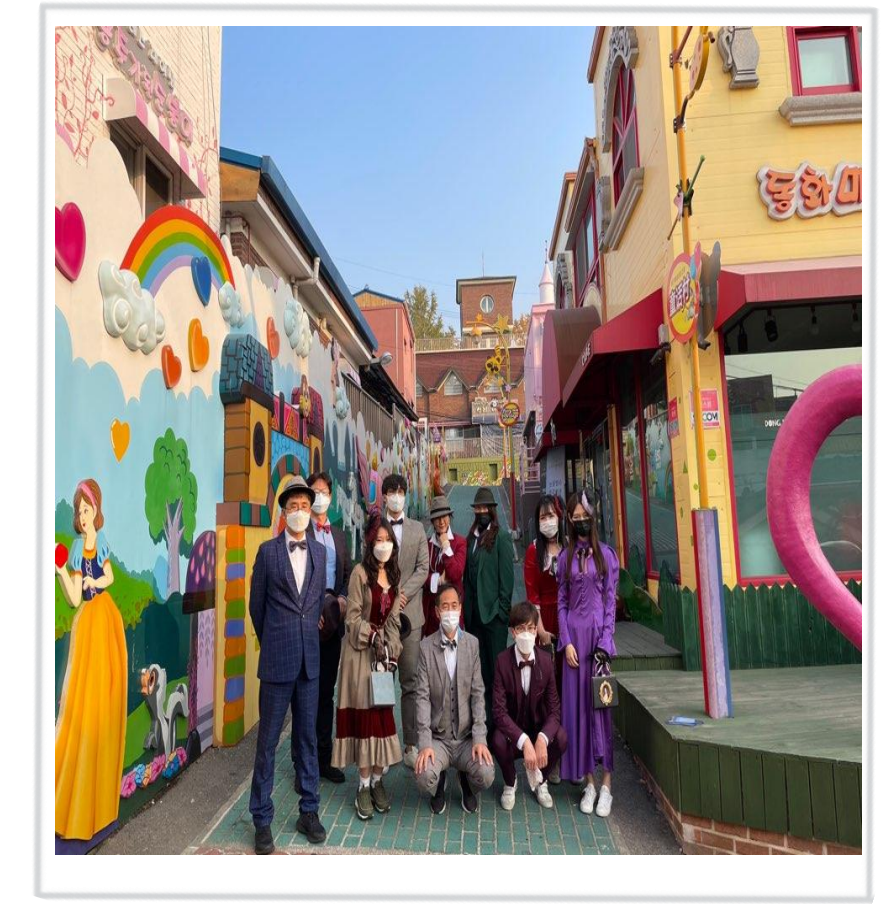
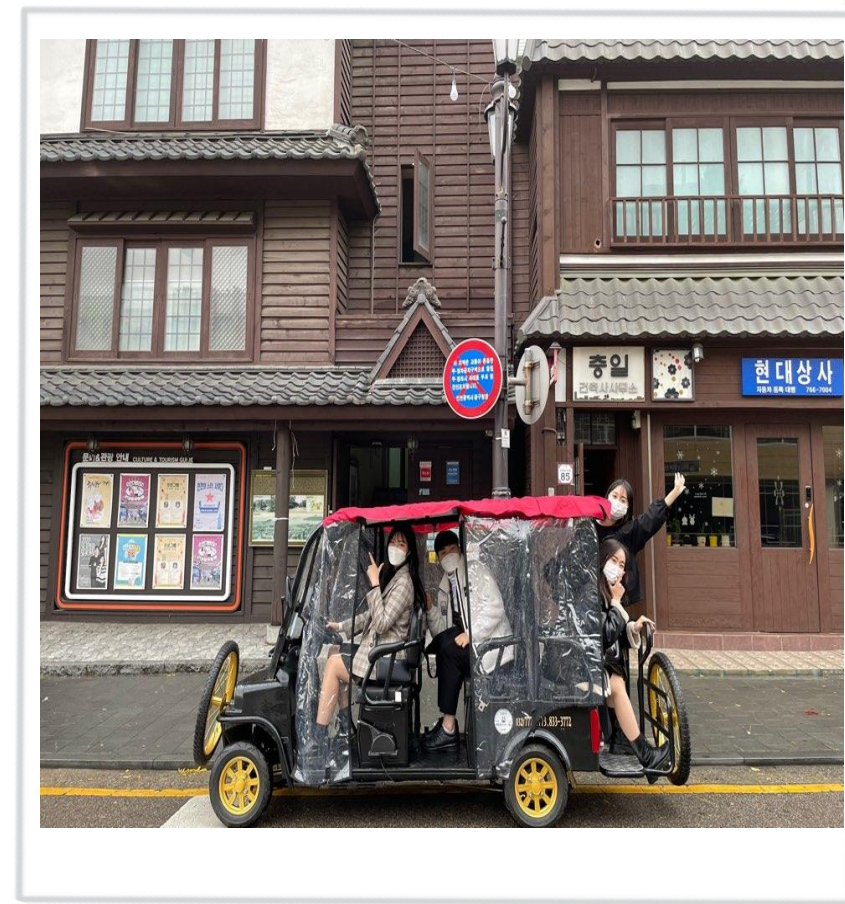
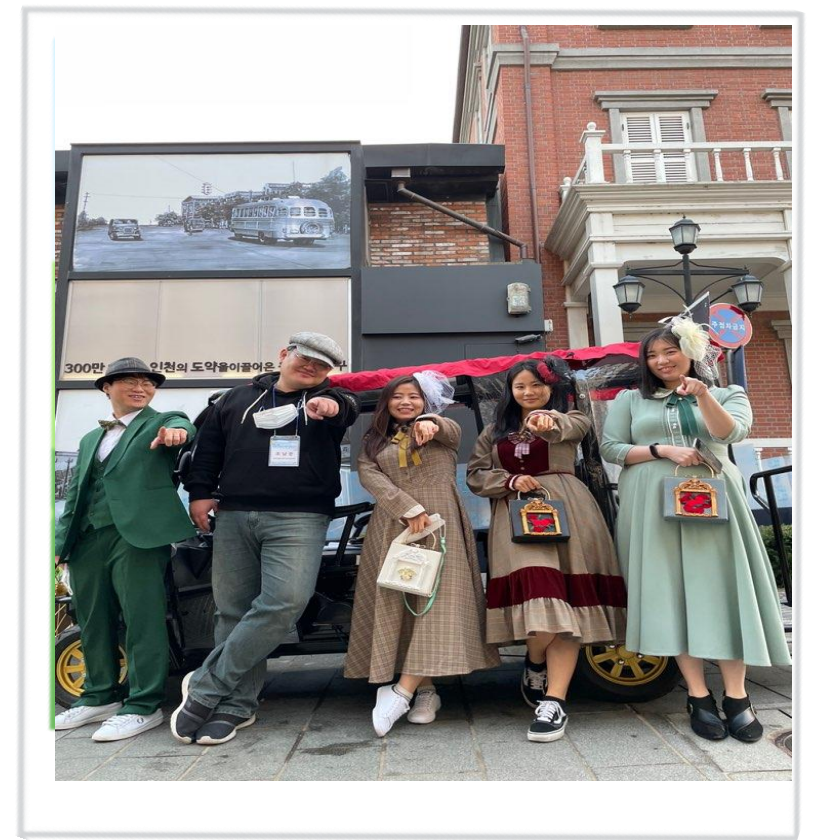
Making Memories (Photograph)



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